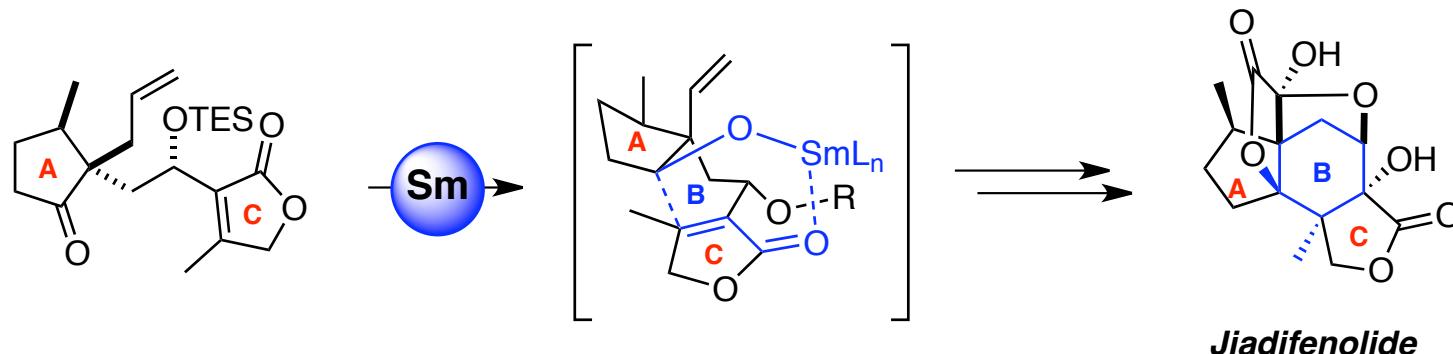


Total Synthesis of Jiadifenolide

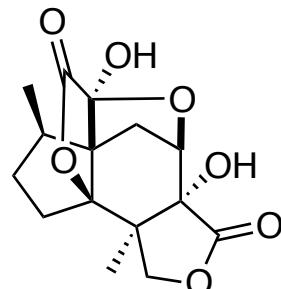
Ian Paterson,* Mengyang Xuan, and Stephen M. Dalby

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2014** May 23. doi: 10.1002/anie.201404224.



Jiadifenolide

Jiadifenolide is a complex sesquiterpenoid first isolated from the fruit of the Chinese plant *Illicium jiadifengpi* by Fukuyama and coworkers in 2009.



Jiadifenolide

Potent neurotrophic activities: potential therapeutic treatment of neurodegenerative diseases.

Low natural abundance (1.5 mg/kg plant material)
Unknown structure–activity relationship (SAR)

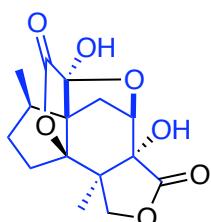


Attractive target for total synthesis

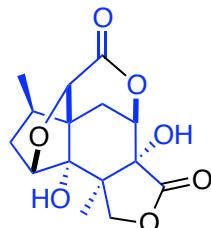


Jiadifenolide and related compounds

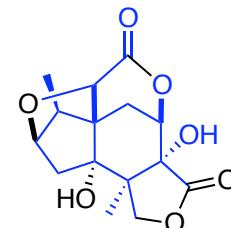
Natural products from *Illicium* species with potent neuropharmacological activities containing a *seco*-prezizaane core



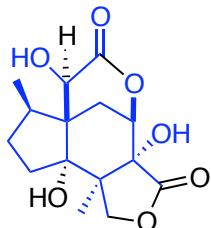
Jiadifenolide
Theodorakis 2011,
Sorensen 2014,
Paterson 2014



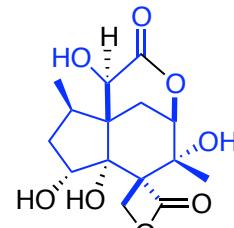
Jiadifenoxolane A



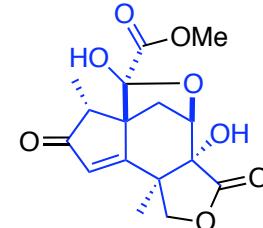
Jiadifenoxolane B



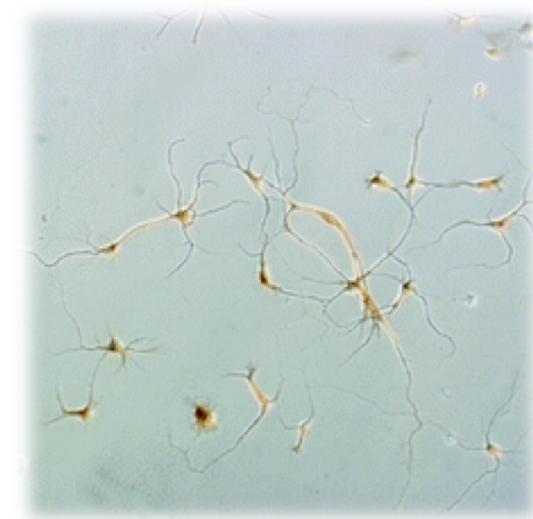
Neomajucin



Anisatin
Yamada 1990,
Fukuyama 2012



Jiadifenin
Danishefsky 2006,
Theodorakis 2011,
Zhai 2012



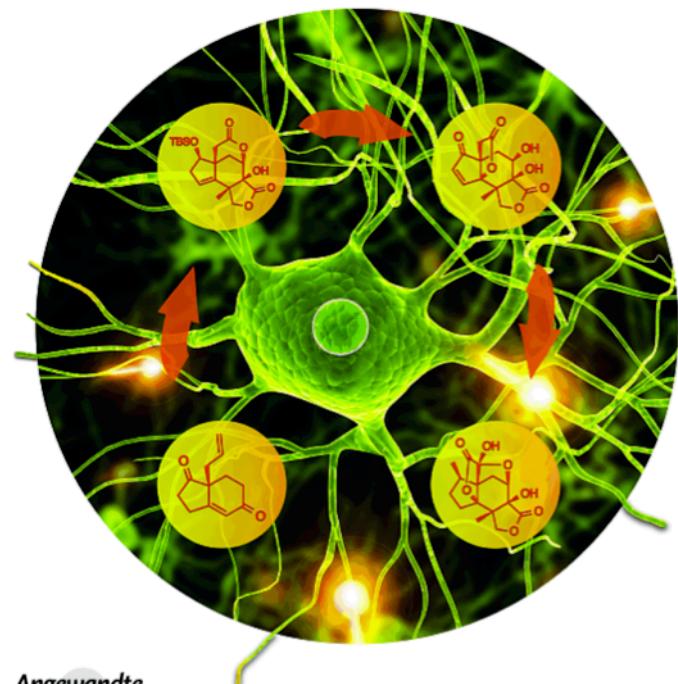
Previous total synthesis – Theodorakis (2011)

Communications

Natural Products

DOI: 10.1002/anie.201100313

Enantioselective Total Synthesis of (–)-Jiadifenolide**
Jing Xu, Lynnie Trzoss, Weng K. Chang, and Emmanuel A. Theodorakis*

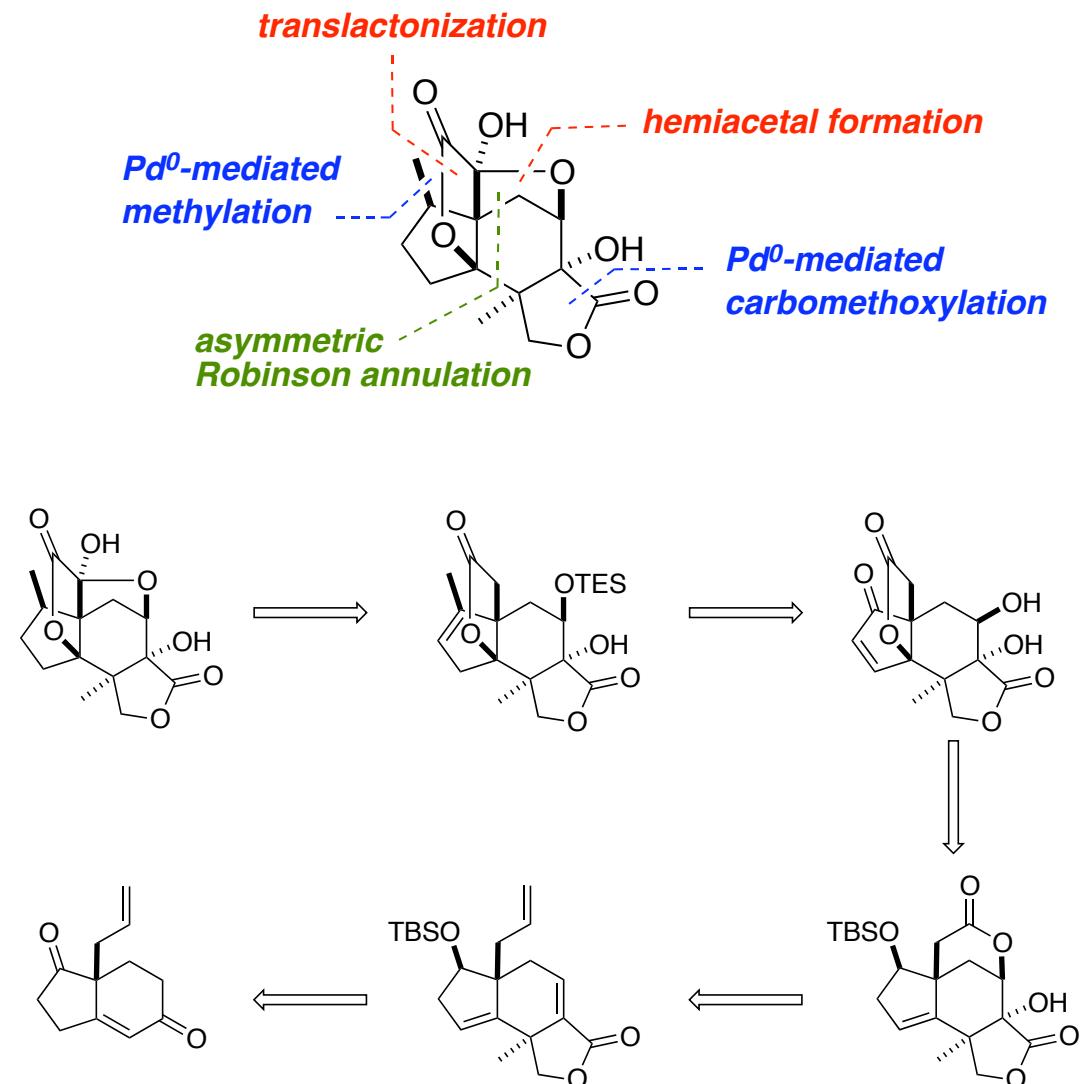


Angewandte
Chemie

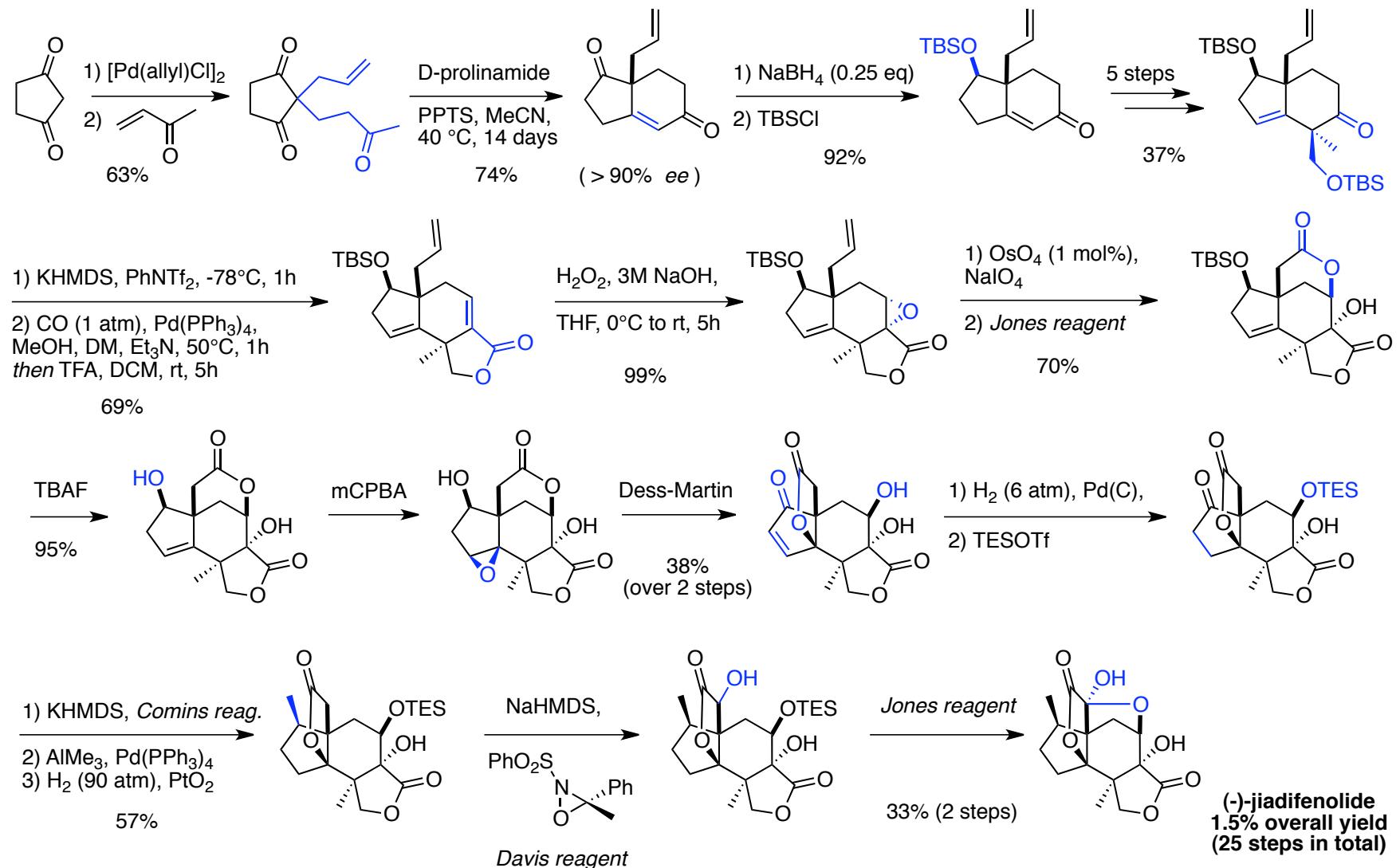
3672

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Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 3672–3676

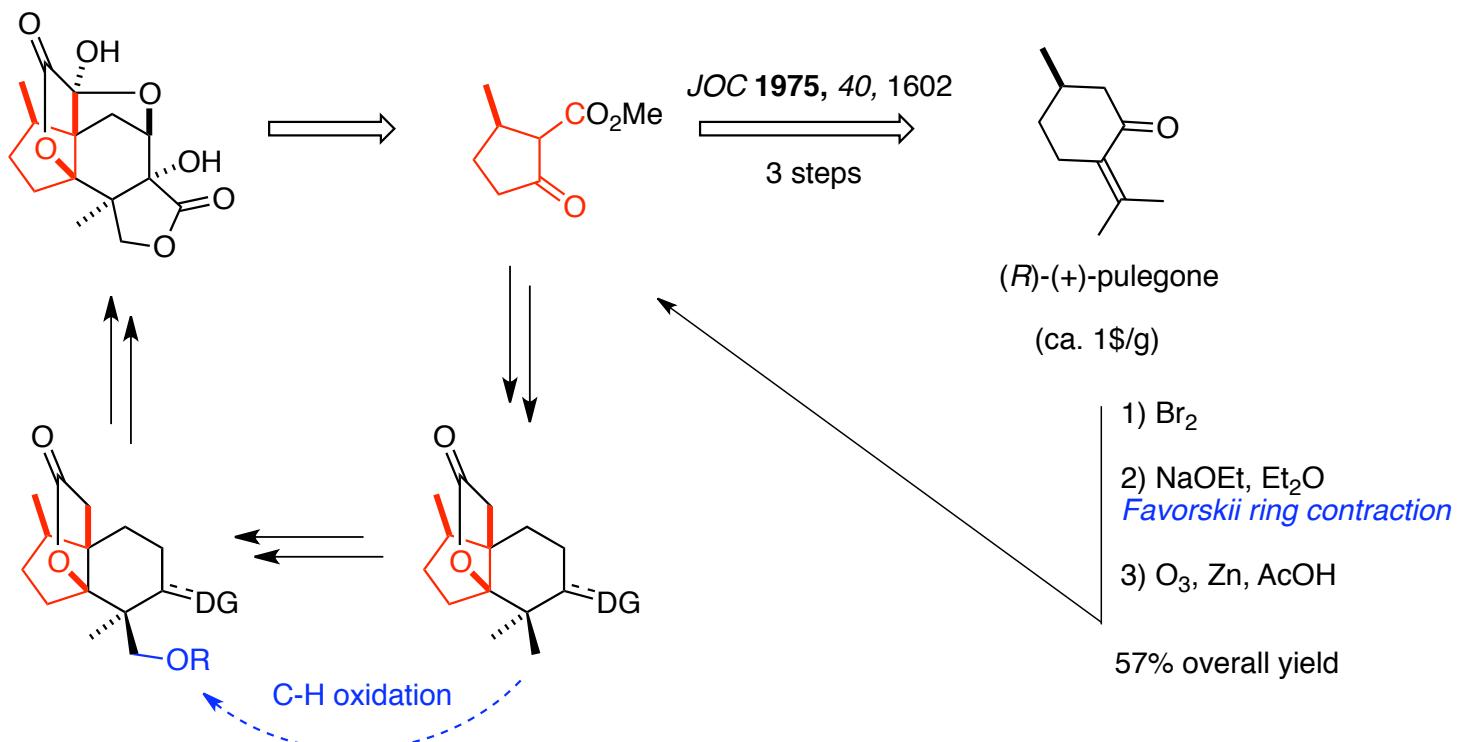


Previous total synthesis – Theodorakis (2011)

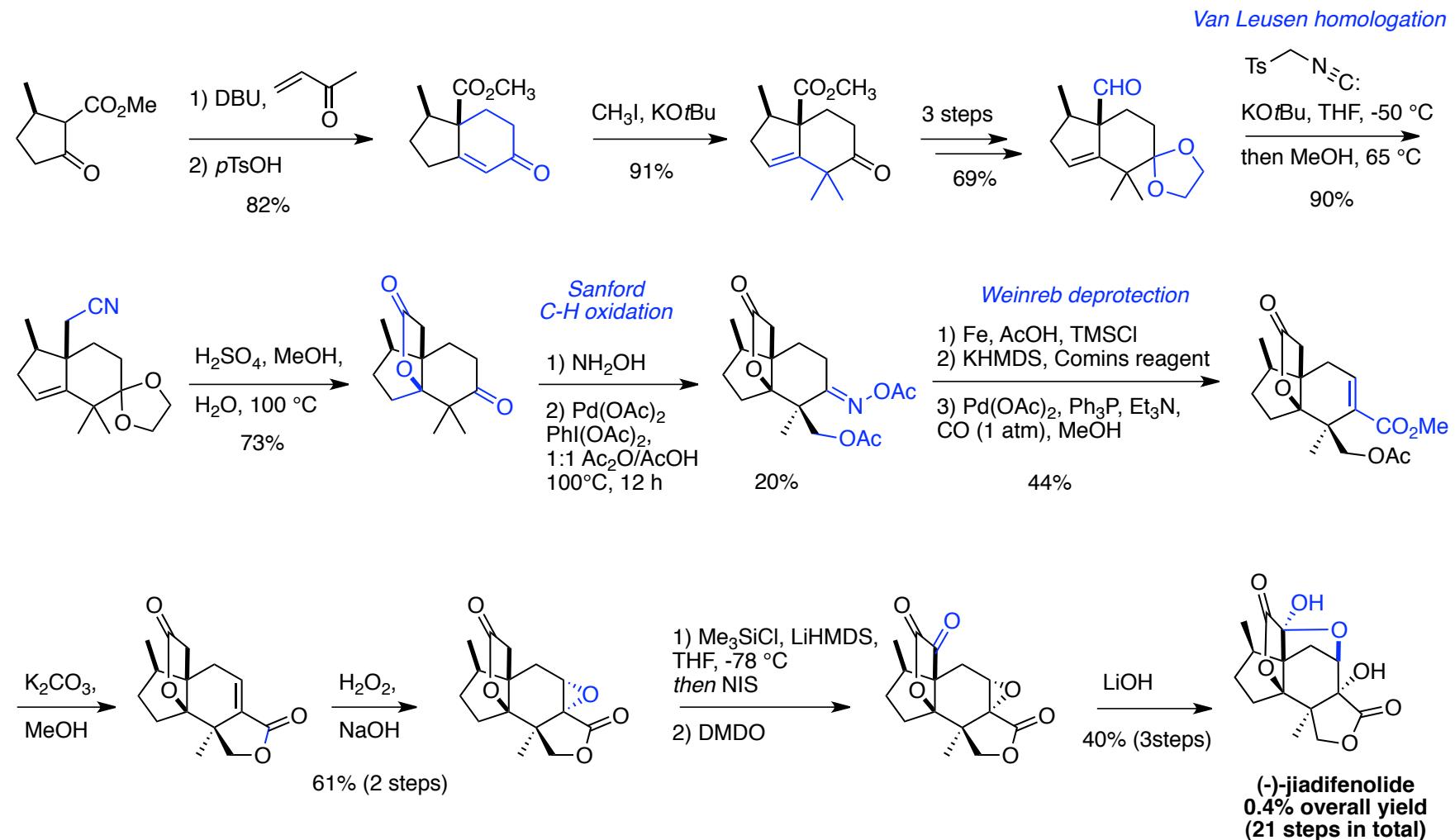


(conditions employed by the Danishefsky group toward the synthesis of jiadifenin)

Previous total synthesis – Sorensen (2014)



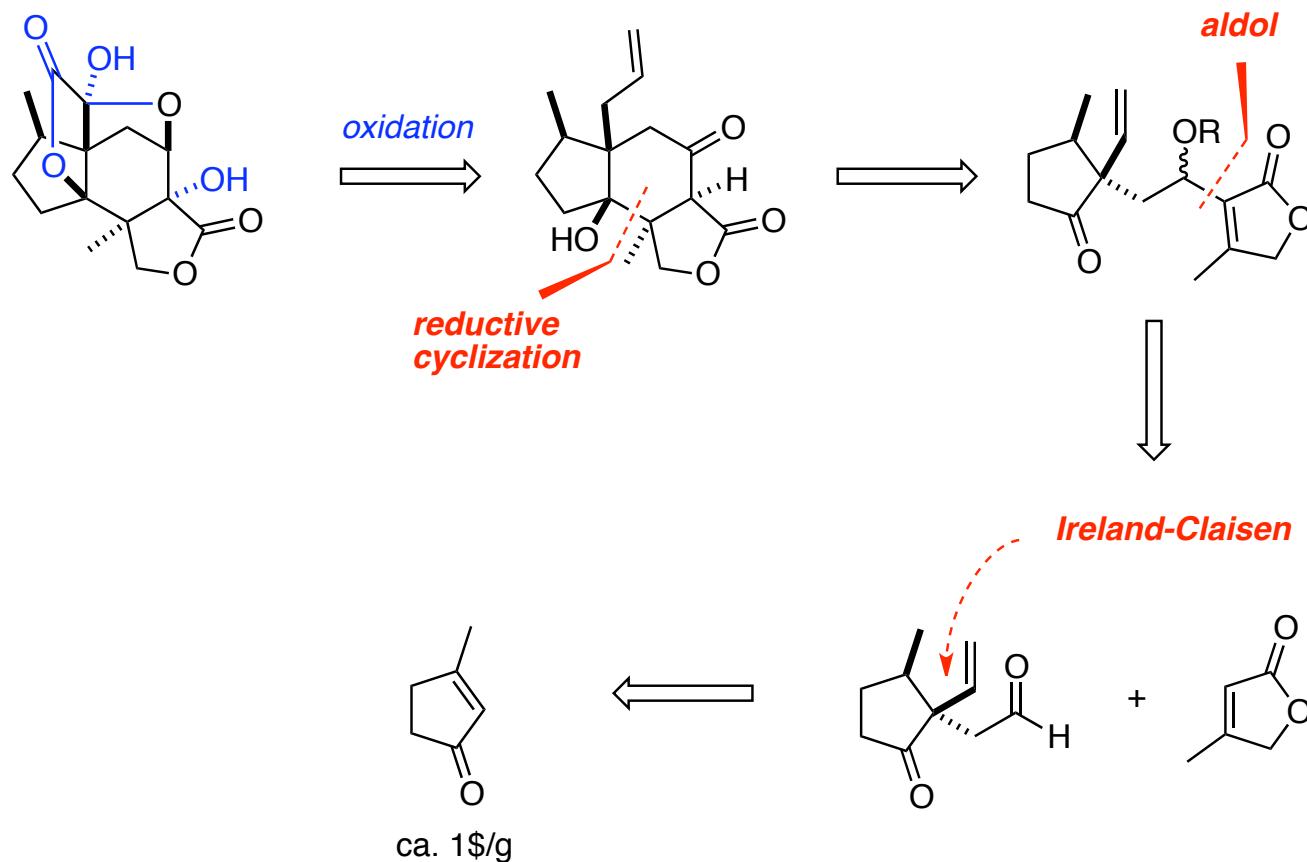
Previous total synthesis – Sorensen (2014)



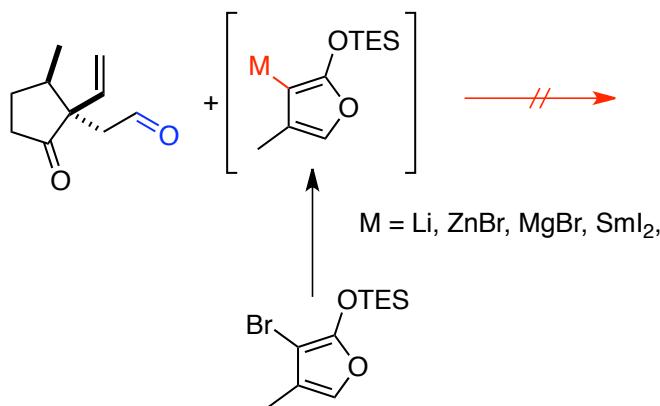
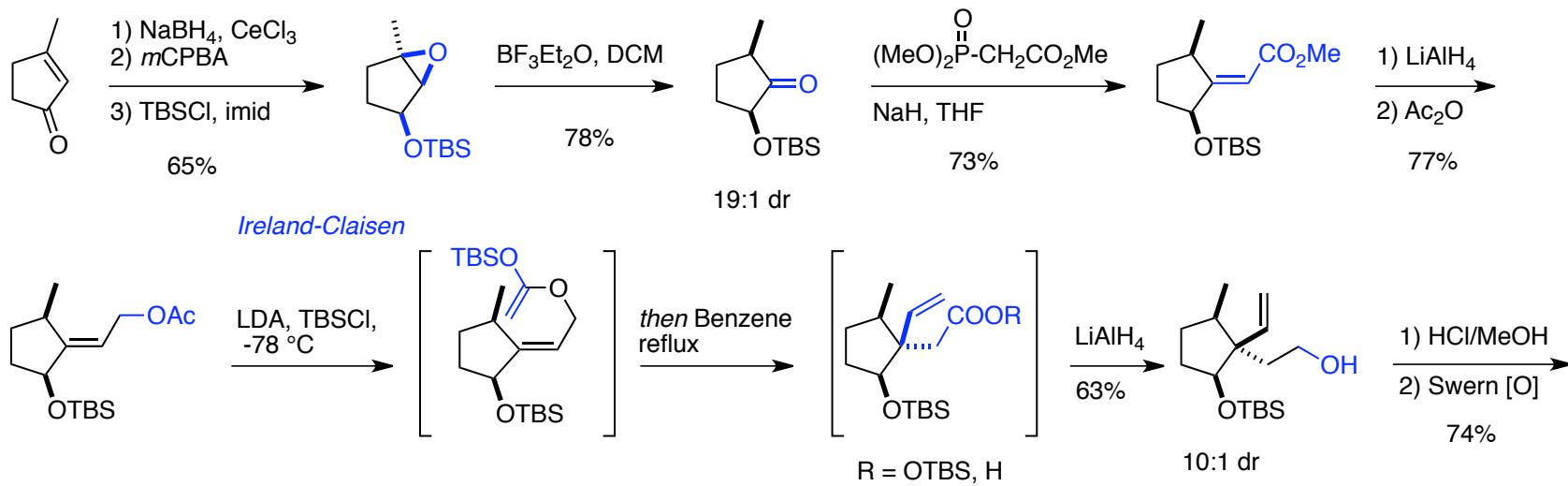
for Sanford's C-H oxidation see:
J. Am. Chem Soc. **2004**, *126*, 9542–9543
Org. Lett. **2010**, *12*, 532–535
Acc. Chem. Res. **2012**, *45*, 936–946.

for Weinreb acetyl-oxime deprotection see:
Tetrahedron Lett. **2010**, *51*, 3555–3557

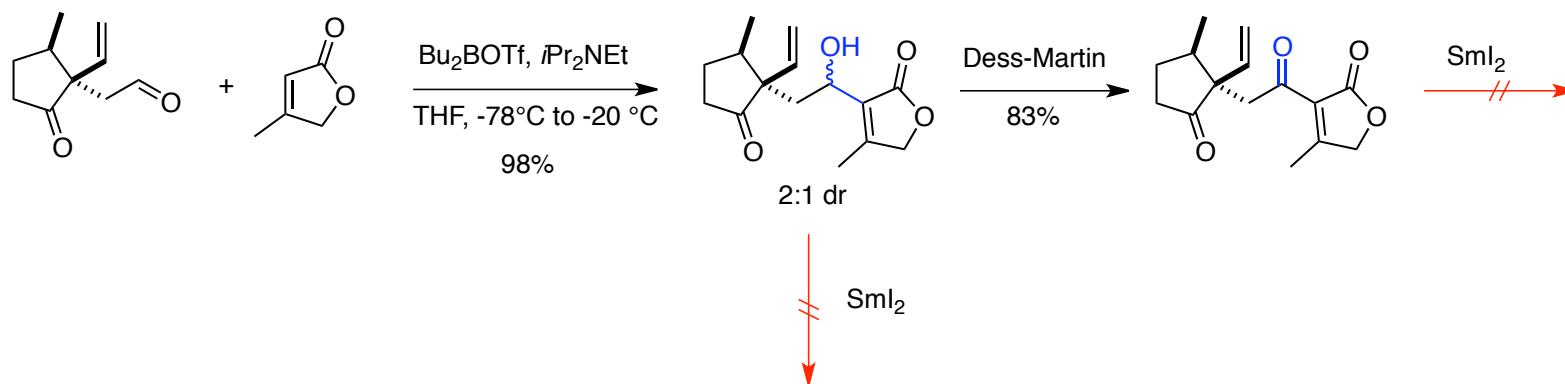
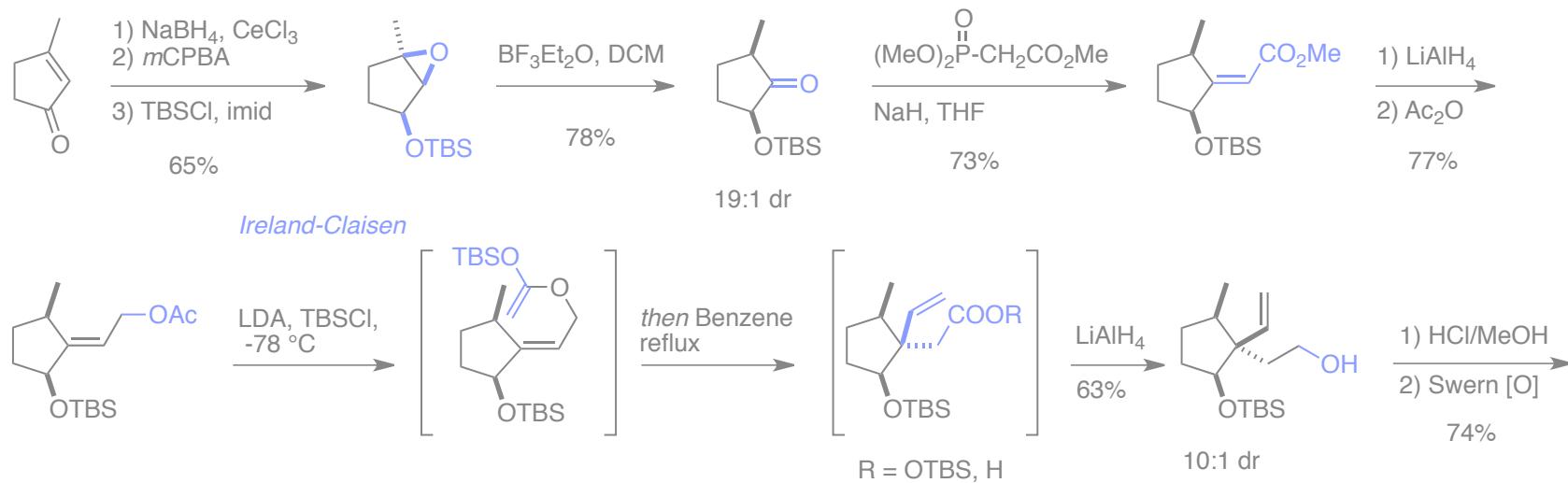
Current work – retrosynthetical analysis



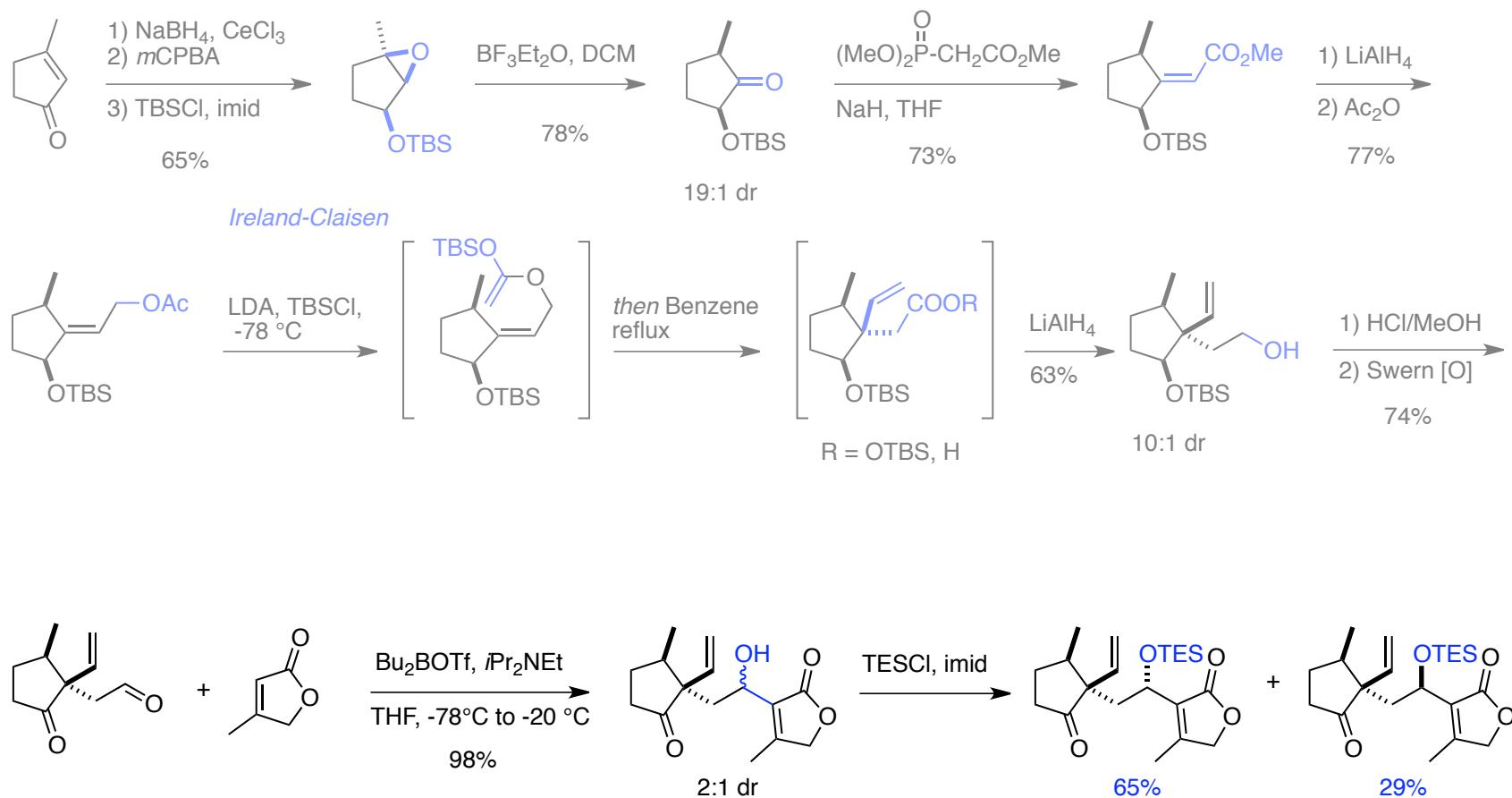
Synthesis – first steps



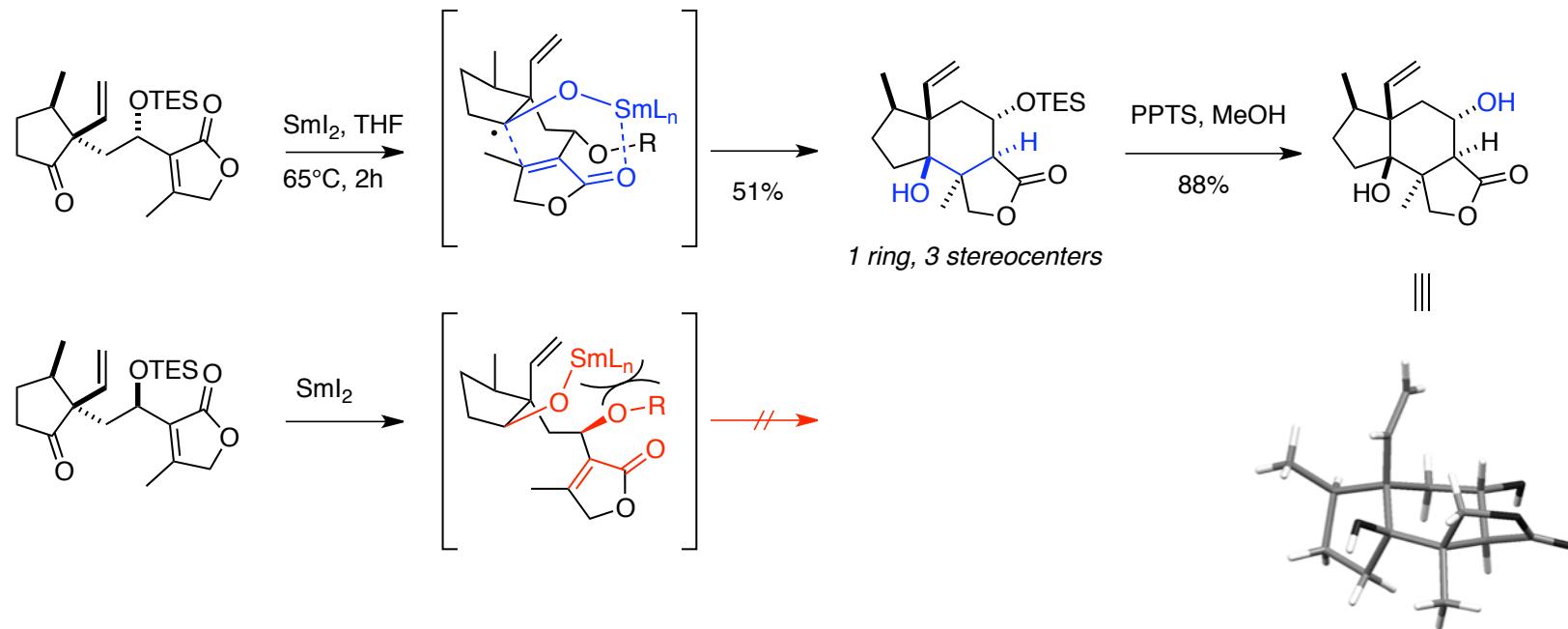
Unsuccessful Sm-mediated coupling



Key step: Sm-mediated reductive cyclization

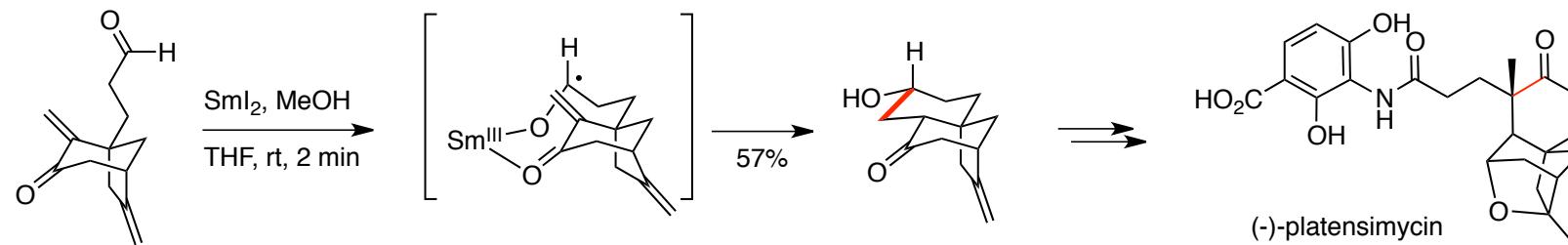


Proposed mechanism: chelated intermediate

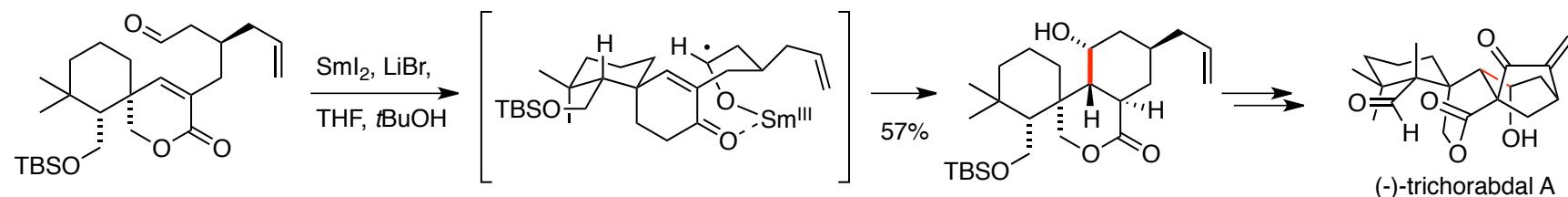


Previous Sm-mediated cyclization

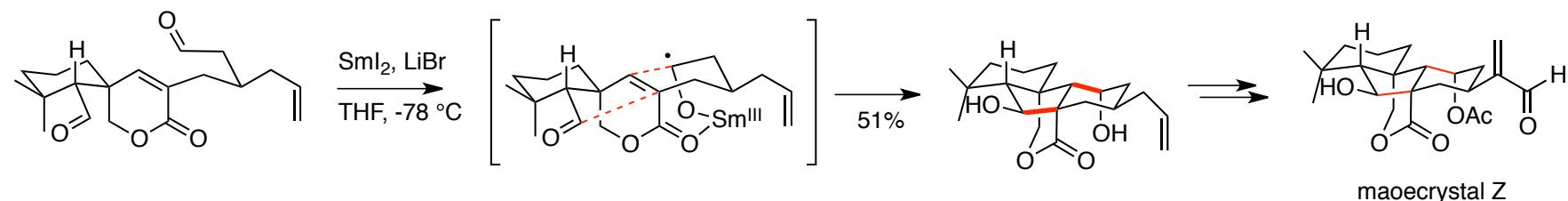
Nicolaou et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, 47, 944



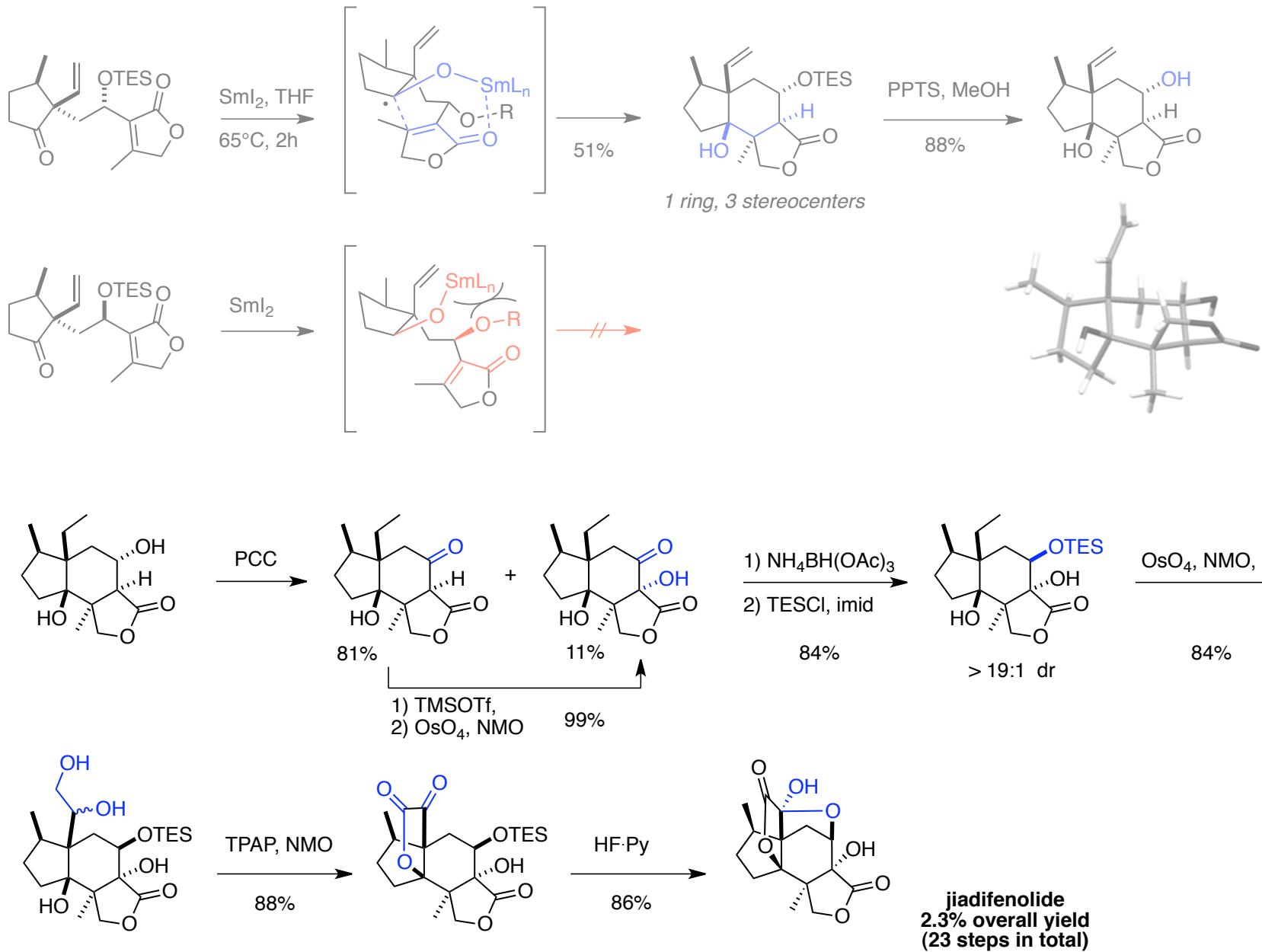
Reisman et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, 135, 11764



Reisman et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, 133, 14964

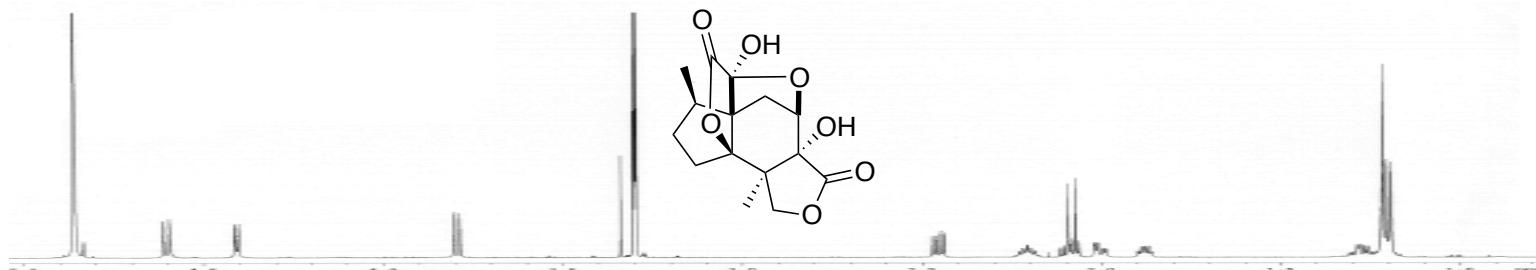


Final steps – oxidase phase

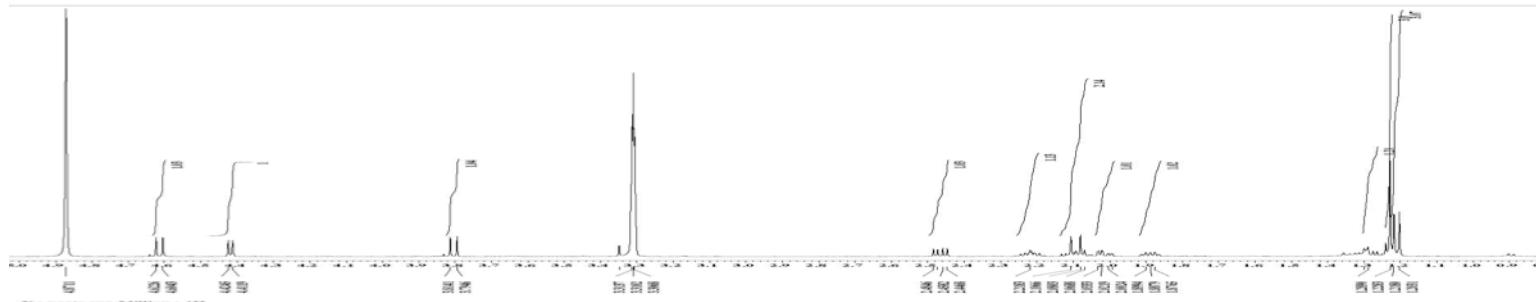


NMR spectra comparison

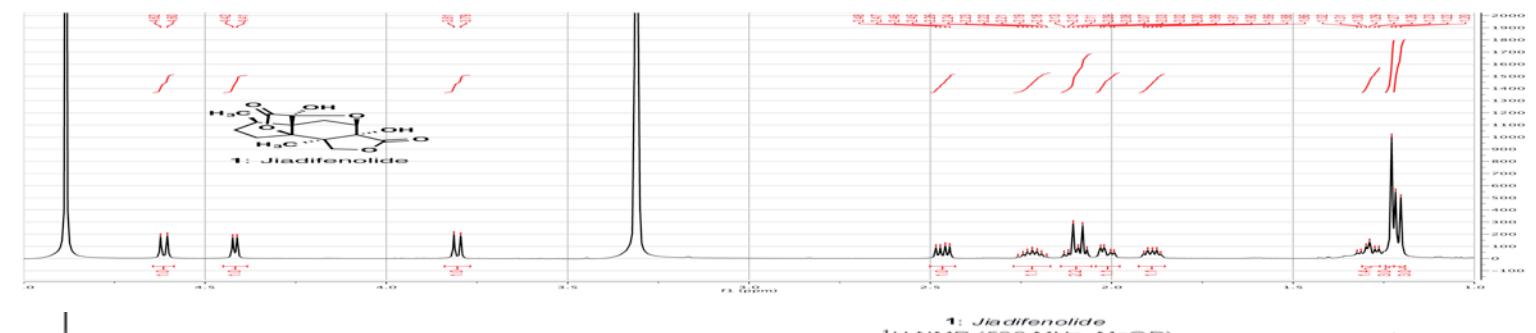
Fukuyama
(2009)



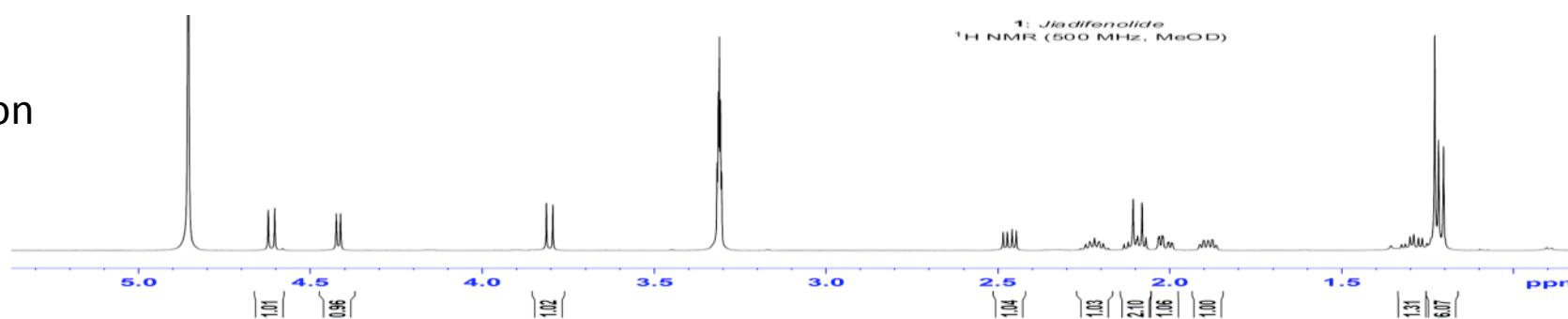
Theodorakis
(2011)



Sorensen
(2014)

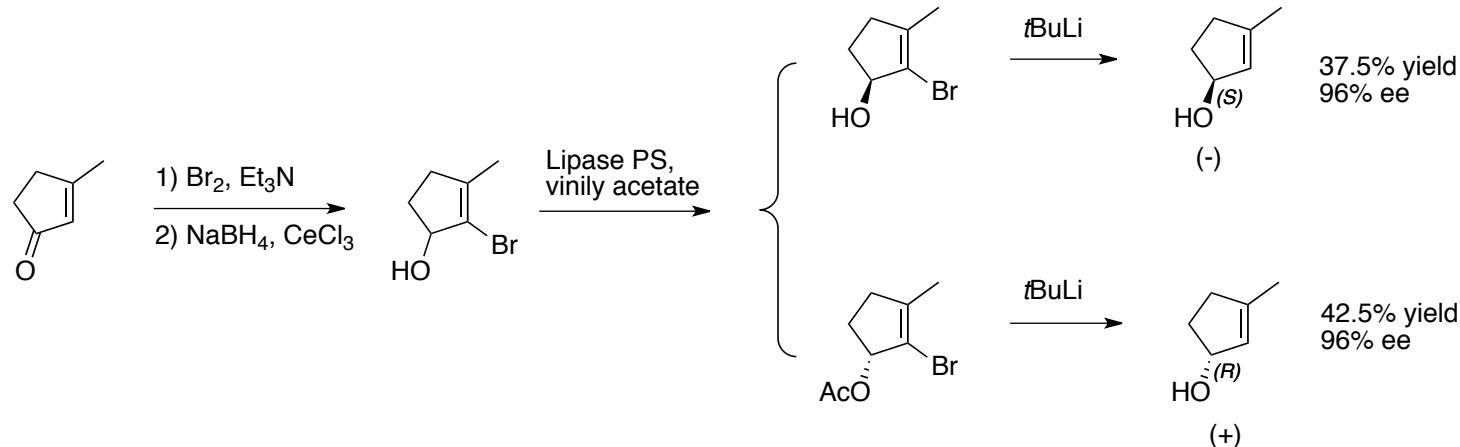


Paterson
(2014)



Paterson future work

Enantiomeric version of the synthesis



X. Zhou, P. J. De Clercq, J. Gawronski, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **1995**, 6, 1551.

Analogues for biological screening

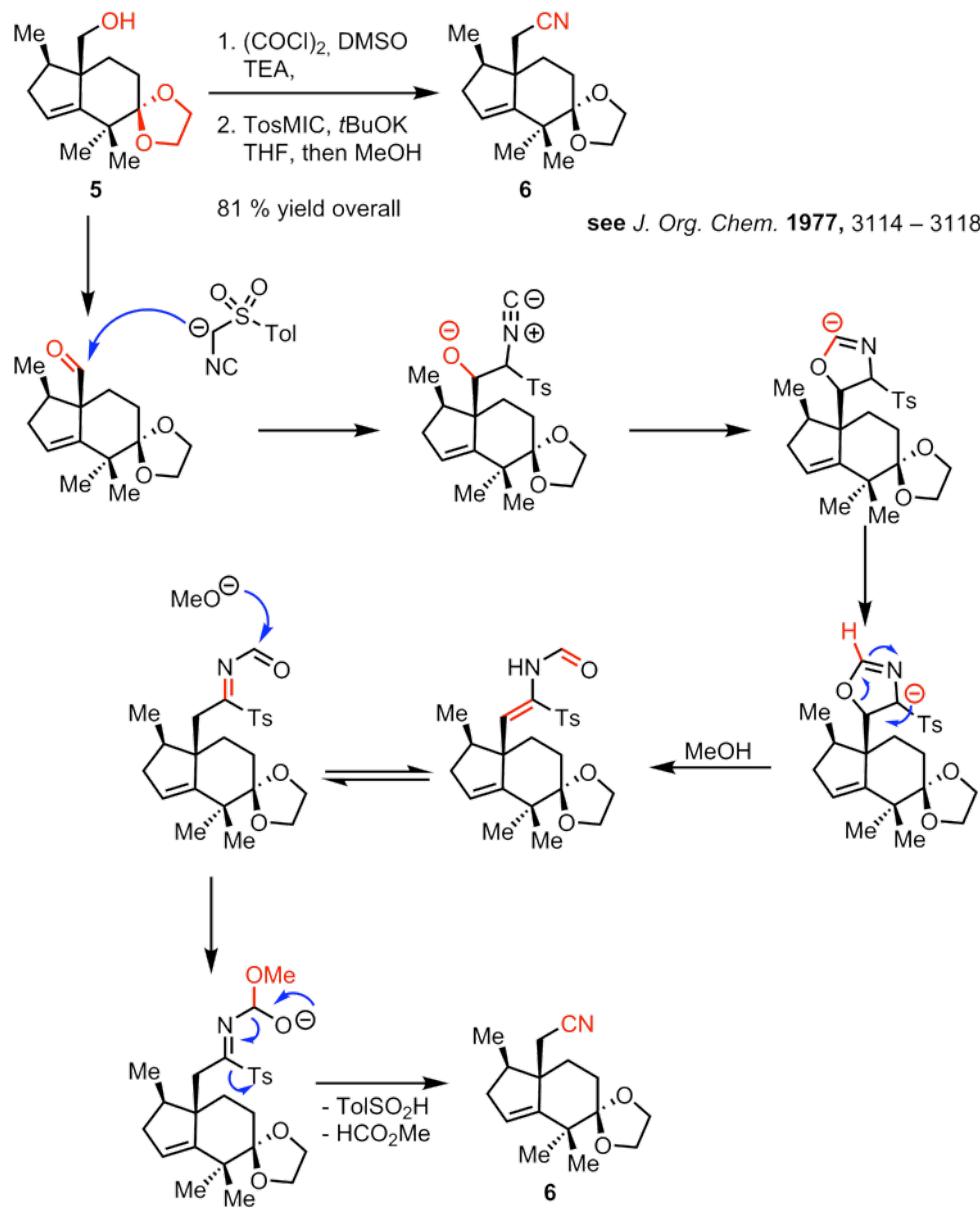
Conclusion

Total synthesis of Jiadifenolide:

- 23 steps, 2.3 % overall yield
- Sm-mediated reductive cyclization as key step
- 2:1 mixture of diastereoisomers in the aldol reaction
- Tedious oxidation-oxidation-reduction-oxidation-oxidation in the last steps
- Racemic synthesis



Van Leusen



Sanford's C–H activation

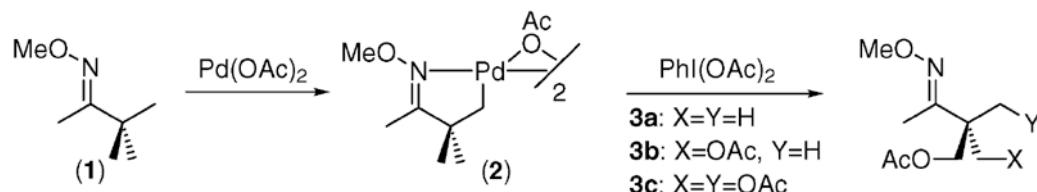
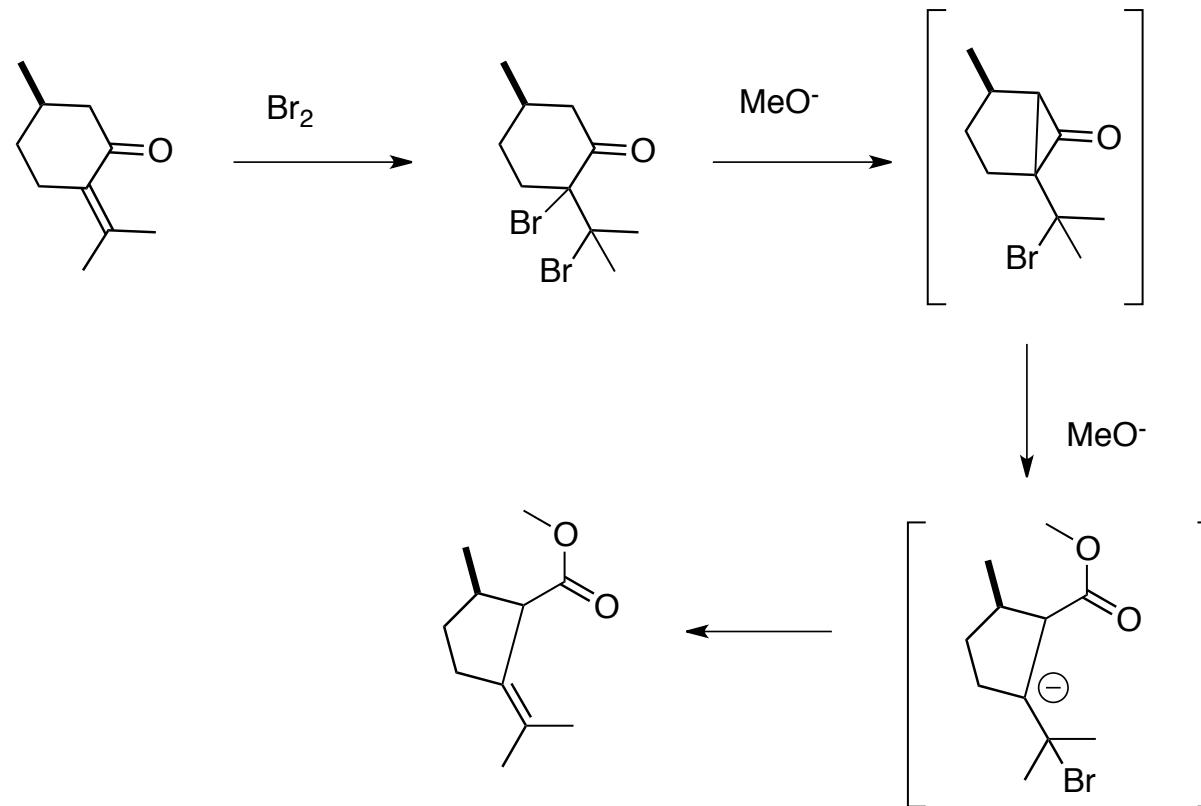


Table 1. Selectivity of Unactivated sp^3 C–H Bond Oxidation^a

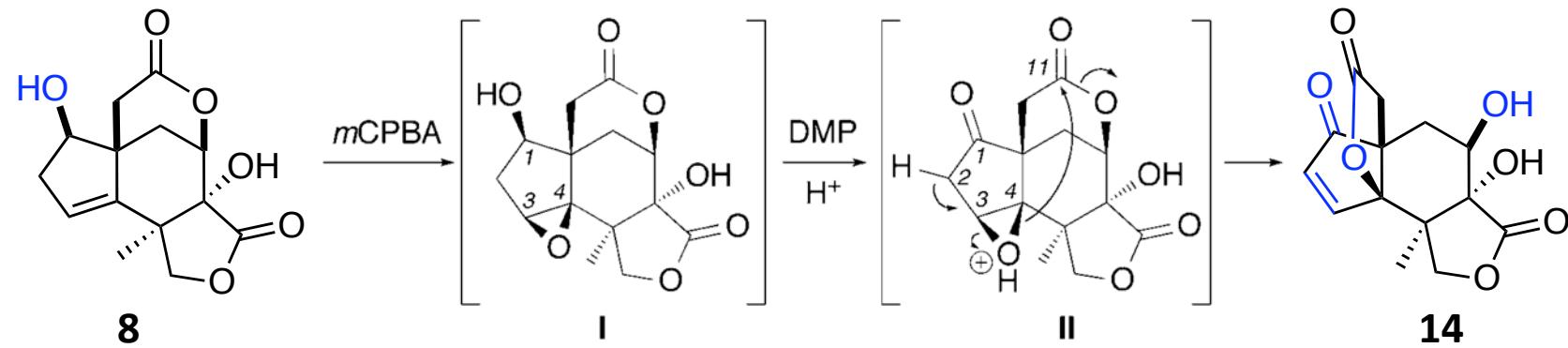
Entry	Substrate	Major Product	Yield ^b
1	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}$ (4)	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{OAc}$ (9)	74% ^c
2	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}$ (5)	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{OAc}$ (10)	78% ^c
3	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}$ (6)	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{CH}_\text{2}-\text{OAc}$ (11)	39% ^c
4	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}$ (7)	No Reaction	0%
5	$\text{MeO}_\text{N} \text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Me})_\text{2}$ (8)	No Reaction	0%

^a 1 equiv of substrate (0.12 M), 1.1 equiv of $\text{PhI}(\text{OAc})_2$, 5 mol % $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$, 50% AcOH/50% Ac_2O , 100 °C, 1.5–3.5 h. ^b Isolated yields.
^c Isolated as a mixture of oxime *E/Z* isomers.

Favorskii ring contraction



Theodorakis – key step



Scheme 4. Plausible mechanistic scenario for the conversion of **18** into **8**.

Jiadifenin – Danishefsky approach

